What is the purpose of STAR?

Provide schools, parents, and students with data and resources to

support student learning

Why did we transition?

LIMITATIONS OF FORMER ASSESSMENT

- Norm-referenced data
- 2 weeks to administer
- Once per year
- 3-4 week turnaround
- Grades 2 8

BENEFITS OF STAR ASSESSMENTS

- Norm and criterionreferenced data
- 20 min to administer
- Multiple times per year
- Immediate results
- Grades TK 12

What is the difference between norm and criterion-referenced data?

NORM-REFERENCED

Compares each student to the achievement of others in broad content areas

CRITERION-REFERENCED

Determines whether each student has mastered specific skills

(standards)



What outside research supports STAR?

93 scientific research studies support the reliability and validity of the STAR Assessments

Access the studies here:

http://www.renaissance.com/resources/research/

Source: http://www.renaissance.com/products/assessment/star-360/

What does STAR assess?

Early Literacy (TK-3)
Reading (2-8)
Math (2-8)

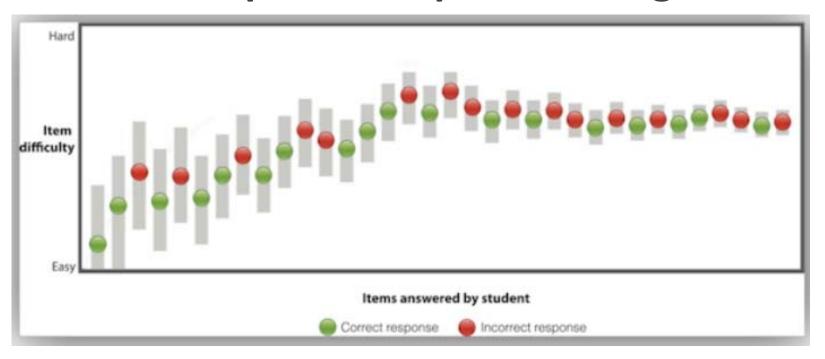


How Do Star Assessments™ Measure Student Achievement?

Essentials of How Renaissance Star Assessments™ Work

How does STAR work?

Computer Adaptive Testing



For Reading and Math, every child has the potential to access to the entire progression of skills from grades 1-12.

How long does STAR take?

Average Time

34 questions 15-20 minutes/assessment

Students have up to:

43.5 minutes for Reading

102 minutes for Math

How often will STAR be taken?

Beginning of the Year

8/21 - 9/8

Fall

11/1-11/10

Winter

2/5-2/16

Spring

5/21-5/31

^{*} Option of additional use to monitor progress and inform instruction more frequently

How can I help my child prepare to take the STAR Assessments?

Day-to-Day classroom activities

Growth mindset

Rest

Nutrition

How can the data be used?

Universal Screening

Informing Instruction

Monitoring Progress

Estimating Mastery of Standards

Estimating Mastery of State Test Proficiency

Measuring Growth

What types of scores will the teachers use?

Score	Abbr.	Use
Scaled Score	SS	Corresponds to a learning progression that indicates which skills a student has likely mastered and which skills a student is ready to learn next. Ranges from 0-1400. It is calculated based on the difficulty of the questions and the number of correct responses. All norm-references scores are derived from the scaled score.
Percentile Rank	PR	Compares performance to other students in the same grade nationally. Also used to determine whether students are on track for HS/college readiness.
Student Growth Percentile	SGP	Compares growth to academic peers nationally (students in the same grade with a similar score on the first assessment).

What information will parents receive?

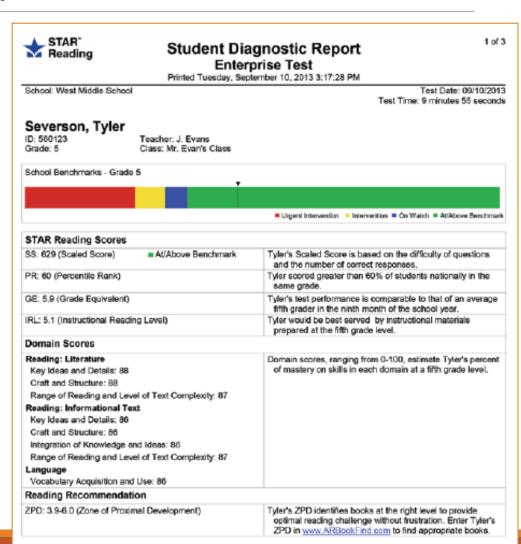
PARTNERING WITH PARENTS

Diagnostic Report

Diagnostic Report

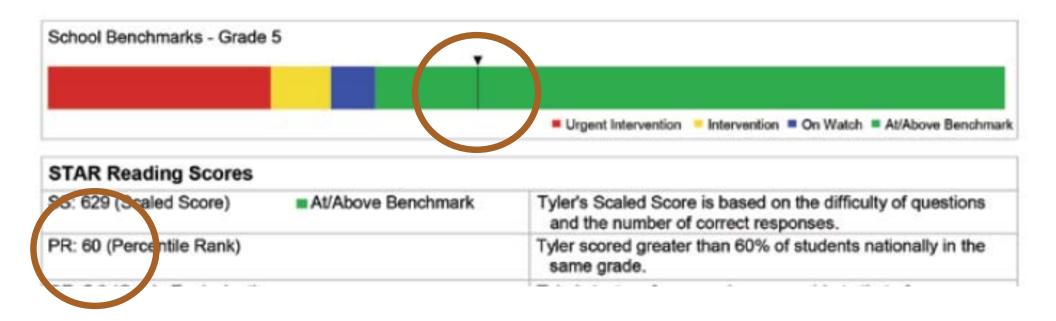
3 KEY COMPONENTS

- Benchmark
- Domain Scores
- ReadingRecommendation



Benchmark

Used to determine whether students are on track for HS/college readiness or whether they may need additional supports

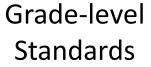


Benchmark (categories)

Category	Description
At/Above Benchmark (green)	Students meeting or exceeding the benchmark score
On Watch (blue)	Students slightly below the benchmark score
Intervention (yellow)	Students below the benchmark score
Urgent Intervention (red)	Students far below the benchmark score

ADLA Benchmark – 65th percentile (PR)







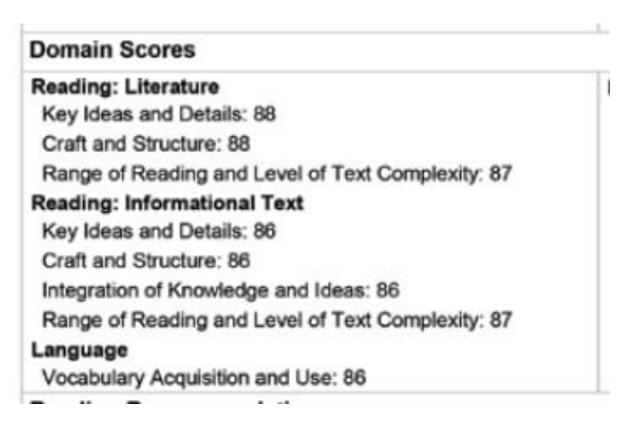
State Test Proficiency



College Readiness

Domain Scores

Estimate the percent of grade-level skills a student has mastered within each domain



Reading Recommendation

Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD) identifies books at the right level to provide optimal reading challenge without frustration.

This ZPD can be entered at www.ARBookFind.com to find appropriate books for independent reading.

Reading Recommendation

ZPD: 3.9-6.0 (Zone of Proximal Development)

Additional Information

www.renaissance.com